

Castro-Influenced Spies and Agents

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It wasn't necessary for the FBI to say it. But having broken up Castro's espionage network in Miami, and having made it public, this visceral scam has justified the Cuban exile community's intransigence against any kind of tolerance. Of course this brings up certain considerations.

There's a truth that is key to explaining why the tyrant Castro has navigated with impunity the waters of international crime and aggression against other countries, especially that of the United States. The truth is that the United States has never wanted to confront him, it being one of the main factors that allowed him to take power in Cuba and that he made/makes and took/takes advantage of his anti-historical alliance with the USSR. In general terms, Castro's impunity on behalf of the international community — possibly favored by U.S. intransigence in the face of constant challenges from Castro — is a very well guarded secret if we start from the supposition that the United States could have gotten rid of Castro long ago, at any time that it wished.

That the regime in Cuba has within the very heart of the exile community a swarm of spies and influential agents that form a part of Castro's propaganda machinery in one way or another — where they rely on radio programs and publications to repeat Havana's slogans — is more than obvious. That he has been significantly involved in drug trafficking to the detriment of this country, receiving lavish earnings for allowing safe haven in Cuba's waters and territory is also obvious.

The issue of spies and drug traffickers is one that has been exposed to the public over decades. Let's recall the important hearings in Congress and in the courts, where Castro's agents and officials have been involved, without the Administration in turn, ever at any moment carrying the case to its final consequences.

Fidel Castro continues to be a fierce enemy of the United States, even though some official voices have said he is no longer any harm. Nothing could be further from the truth. The fact that there is tremendous miserable poverty in Cuba, does not mean that Castro does not have access to a private budget of millions, beyond the misery of the people and the country's meager resources.

This leads one to think that what has to be taken into account is not Castro's power measured in terms of resources and military recruits (although in this area he could never rival the U.S.) but in terms of his unquenchable hatred and the various ways in which he can damage this country within the new context that has become a substitute for the antagonism between the superpowers, such as in drug trafficking and terrorism.

Castro has never stopped planning aggressions against the U.S., less out of ideological reasons — he is Castro, after all — than out of the pathological hatred he has. When the USSR was broken up, he immediately formed the Sao Paulo Forum in order to regroup the left on the continent as well as Marxist guerrillas and communists, and due to the new circumstances, suggest a strategy for the gradual taking of power, further away than ever at that time, due to the Soviet collapse. These plans continue. His bellwether declaration in Brazil, on his way to South Africa, about the economic catastrophe on the way, according to him, and the speech given in the latter country where he went to meet with comrade

Mandela, belies his effort to regroup the Third World for his benefit and to continue doing all the damage he can to the U.S., before he descends into the grave where the soulless and perverse rest.

The conjecture that the arrest of the Cuban spies could be due to the possibility that Castro is trafficking with states or terrorist groups who share his hatred for the U.S. in order to attack this country is not unfounded. The conclusion must be reached that Fidel Castro is irredeemable and that all the efforts made to avoid touching him with so much as a rose petal are a conspiracy not only against the exiles and the cause of freedom in Cuba, but against the U.S.

As occurred when the communist empire collapsed, which fortunately was quickly denounced for its crimes and aggressions against the free world, but defended by a machinery focused on destroying the denouncer and preventing the truth from coming to light. However, the truth is always known in the end, thus confirming that had it been admitted at the time, many catastrophes could have been prevented.

From now on, the influential agents, whose work is to attack the exile community and shamelessly defend the tyrant, will have to move more carefully, because the existence of a dismantled espionage network creates a series of questions about the scope of Cuban intelligence's dealings in Miami. In any case they are defending an enemy of the U.S., a drug trafficker, and above all, the head of a government of a country that appears on the State Department's list of terrorist countries.